

Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar Open University
Term End Examination January – 2017

- સૂચના : 1. તમામ પ્રશ્નોના જવાબ ફરજિયાત છે.
2. જ્યાં સુધી ખંડનિરીક્ષક ન જણાવે ત્યાં સુધી જવાબ લખવાનું શરૂ કરવું નહિ.
3. જવાબપત્રકની પાછળ આપેલ સૂચનાઓ કાળજીપૂર્વક વાંચ્યા બાદ જવાબ લખવાનું શરૂ કરવું.
4. પરીક્ષાર્થીઓએ પ્રશ્નપત્ર અને જવાબપત્ર બંને ખંડ-નિરીક્ષકને એક સાથે પરત કરવાનું અનિવાર્ય છે. આથી કોઈપણ પરીક્ષાર્થીએ પ્રશ્નપત્ર પોતાની સાથે લઈ જવાનો આગ્રહ રાખવો નહિ. પ્રશ્નપત્ર સાથે લઈ જનાર વિદ્યાર્થી આ પરીક્ષા માટે ગેરલાયક ઠરશે.
5. વૈકલ્પિક પસંદગીના દરેક પ્રશ્નના ઉત્તર માટે ચાર વિકલ્પ જણાવ્યા છે. જેમાંથી એક સાચો હોવાની શક્યતા છે. સાચો જવાબ પસંદ કરી જવાબપત્રકમાં યોગ્ય ખાનામાં (X) નિશાની કરો.
6. જે વિદ્યાર્થી પોતાનો સાચો નોંધણી નંબર નહીં દર્શાવે તેનું પરિણામ રદ થશે.

નોંધણી નંબર: _____

Course	: CTE	Date	: 22-Jan-17
Subject Code	: CTE-04	Time	: 11 to 12.30
Subject Name	: Teaching English-Elementary School	Duration	: 1 Hour 30 Minutes
		Max. Marks	: 50

- 1 The first essential feature of good handwriting is _____
(A) Slant of letters (B) Alignment (C) Legibility (D) None of these
- 2 _____ handwriting is the print form in which letters of the alphabet are written separately
(A) Alignment (B) Cursive form (C) Manuscript (D) None of these
- 3 _____ is a development process
(A) Learning (B) Writing (C) Memorizing (D) Punctuation
- 4 Research evidence is a much more _____ process
(A) Easy (B) Complex (C) Simple (D) None of these
- 5 _____ is not considered a passive process
(A) Writing (B) Pronunciation (C) Spelling (D) Reading
- 6 _____ are considered a natural part of the learning process
(A) Right (B) Punctuation (C) Errors (D) None of these
- 7 _____ need to learn the process of self-evaluation
(A) Young (B) Old (C) Infant (D) Children
- 8 _____ language interference often leads to the incorrect placement of the verb in a sentence
(A) Second (B) First (C) Bilingual (D) None of these
- 9 _____ is often called an artificial environment for learning and using a second language
(A) Classroom (B) Library (C) Reading room (D) None of these
- 10 _____ is a free flow to ideas and feelings
(A) Transactional form (B) Expressive form (C) Poetic form (D) Natural form
- 11 Be _____ that the children do not ridicule each others writings
(A) neglect (B) Regard (C) Careful (D) Concern
- 12 Children need to be gently led into the arena of writing in the _____ language
(A) First (B) Second (C) Bilingual (D) None of these
- 13 When children choose to write, they often write about things that are very _____ to them
(A) Costly (B) Precious (C) Rare (D) Worth
- 14 Children should be allowed to use invented _____

- (A) Pronunciation (B) Communication (C) Spellings (D) None of these
- 15 Make a _____ atmosphere friendly and none threatening
(A) Drawing room (B) Study room (C) Classroom (D) Library
- 16 We should make each child feel _____, and important
(A) Unique (B) Rare (C) Match (D) Uncommon
- 17 Every child brings to the class a _____ of experience
(A) Enjoyment (B) Plenty (C) Wealth (D) Opulence
- 18 Children need to develop a _____ base, which can be used in their writing
(A) Word ladders (B) Rhyming words (C) Vocabulary (D) None of these
- 19 Children love making _____
(A) Rhyming words (B) Riddles (C) Punctuation (D) Conversations
- 20 _____ is the ability of a child to understand or produce a stretch of language through the control of linking devices so that there is a logical flow in the writing
(A) Lexis (B) Discourse (C) Concepts (D) Style
- 21 _____ task should suit the children's interest
(A) Reading (B) Writing (C) Listening (D) Speaking
- 22 The writing is done solely for the benefit of the _____ who 'corrects' it
(A) Teacher (B) Student (C) Guardian (D) None of these
- 23 The writing level in the mother language will influence writing in the _____ language
(A) First (B) Second (C) Bilingual (D) None of these
- 24 _____ self-esteem leads to better behavior
(A) Low (B) Medium (C) High (D) Stagnant
- 25 Children first begin to show guilt reaction between age _____ and _____
(A) 2, 5 (B) 3, 6 (C) 3, 7 (D) 3, 5
- 26 The existing schools are based on _____ middle class culture
(A) Rural (B) Urban (C) Country side (D) None of these
- 27 _____ is common to all unprivileged groups
(A) Poverty (B) Penniless (C) Starvation (D) Poor
- 28 Since the beginning of history, _____ of the underprivileged by the privileged has been a very common occurrence
(A) Poverty (B) Exploitation (C) Curses (D) Accomplishment
- 29 Under privileged learners have _____ cognitive abilities
(A) High (B) Low (C) Equal (D) More
- 30 _____ are usually poor readers
(A) Slow learners (B) Fast learners (C) Ordinary learners (D) None of these
- 31 The second phase of the education of the under privileged is marked by a tendency to _____
(A) Integrate (B) Assimilate (C) Isolate (D) None of these
- 32 There were not less than a hundred tribal uprisings against the British Rule before the first war of independence in _____
(A) 1847 (B) 1857 (C) 1867 (D) 1877
- 33 Most of the teachers teaching underprivileged learners are from the _____ class
(A) Upper middle (B) Lower (C) Rich (D) Aristocratic
- 34 _____ in India is associated with elite culture
(A) English (B) Hindi (C) Sanskrit (D) Urdu
- 35 The young child goes through _____ phases in learning to speak
(A) Two (B) Three (C) Four (D) Five
- 36 In _____ stage the child begins to use words and word group

- (A) Passive (B) Active (C) Neutral (D) None of these
- 37 _____communication is used more extensively in daily life than written expression
- (A) Written (B) Oral (C) Sign (D) None of these
- 38 The area of _____gives children plenty of opportunity to present findings of experiments
- (A) Humanities (B) History (C) Science (D) Mathematics
- 39 _____evoke in children words and feelings
- (A) Poems (B) Reading (C) Writing (D) History
- 40 _____differences in children must be respected
- (A) Alone (B) Personal (C) Individual (D) None of these
- 41 _____is a necessary educational process that helps students to recognize their strength and weakness
- (A) Investigation (B) Scrutiny (C) Research (D) Evaluation
- 42 The child needs to learn correct_____
- (A) Pronunciation (B) Syntax (C) Syllables (D) None of these
- 43 Listening and _____are very closely related
- (A) Reading (B) Speaking (C) Music (D) Writing
- 44 _____is a skill that underlies all verbal communication
- (A) Reading (B) Writing (C) Speaking (D) Listening
- 45 _____listening is perhaps, the most challenging form of listening
- (A) Accurate (B) Critical (C) Creative (D) Courteous
- 46 _____may be the highest form of listening
- (A) Accurate (B) Appreciative (C) Critical (D) Creative
- 47 _____information deals with the relationships between the sounds of the reader's spoken language and written form of the language
- (A) Syntactic (B) Semantic (C) Grapho phonic (D) None of these
- 48 The_____ method focuses on the single letter value as the basic unit
- (A) Direct (B) Natural (C) Phonic (D) Descriptive
- 49 The _____method is to make children discover sound symbol correspondence by themselves
- (A) Discovery (B) Didactic (C) Narrative (D) Descriptive
- 50 The zip cloze method was developed by_____
- (A) Backinoz (B) Blachowicz (C) Blackiz (D) Biconiz